



Beit Sefer



From the First Month

Name: _____

Date: _____



A short introduction...

Do you remember the story of Joseph?

Jacob's son who was sold by his brothers as a slave and became governor of Egypt.

Many years later, the Hebrew people became very numerous; but, sadly, they turned away from Elohim and many adopted the customs of Egypt.

Elohim is very displeased and saddened when we do that. 😞

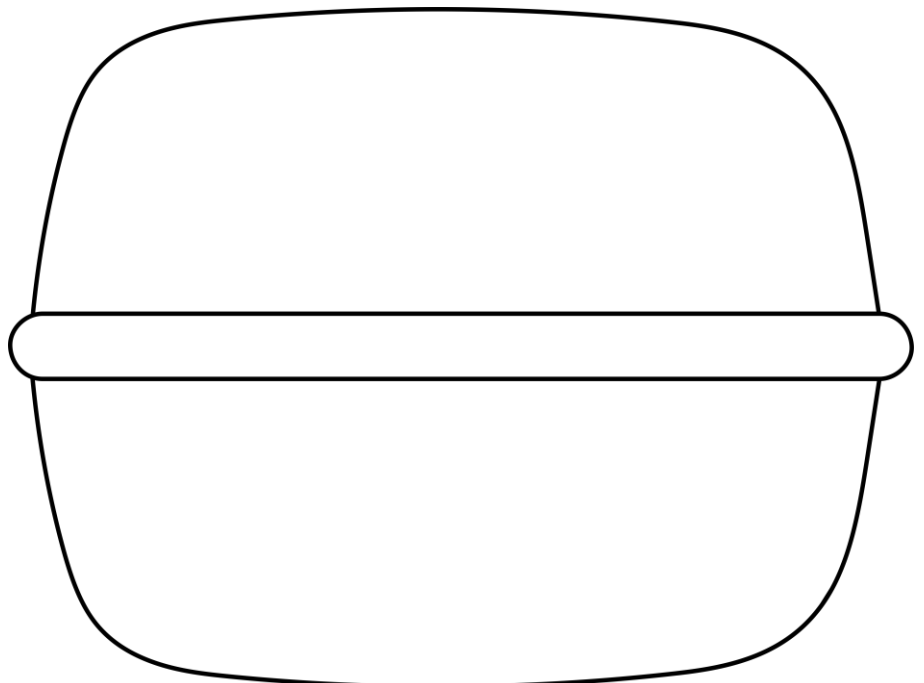
The Pharaoh of that time forgot Joseph  and all that Elohim did through him for Egypt, and took the Hebrew people as slaves to serve that nation, putting everyone to do hard labor, mistreating them and even killing them as they did with the baby boys  who were thrown into the river to prevent the people from growing.

How sad, isn't it? Very sad things happen when we decide to turn away from Elohim, but you know, in spite of everything, Elohim has very good plans for us when we come closer to Him, when we turn to Him. 😊 Let's read a short story...

Moses

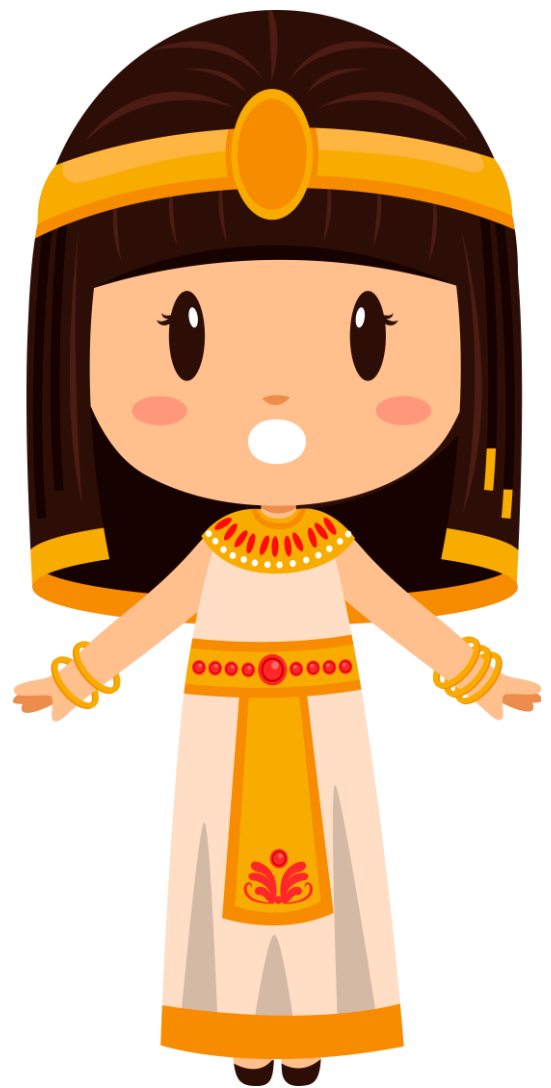
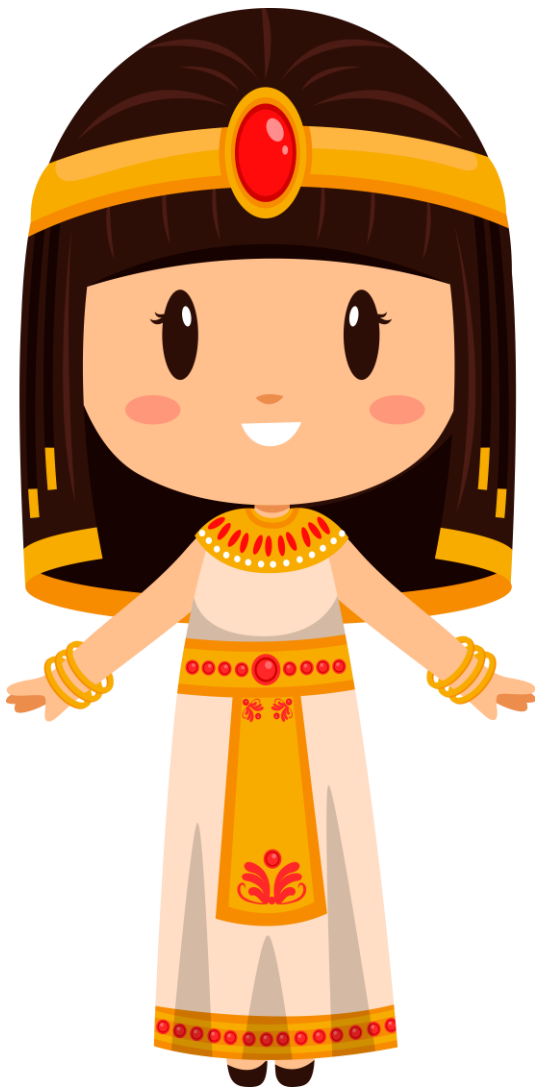
When Pharaoh gave the order to kill the babies, a family from the tribe of Levi hid their newborn child for 3 months, then, the mother who was a woman of great faith took a basket and covered it with tar so that no water could enter, put the baby inside and with great care, put the basket in the river; she was very sad, but she trusted that Elohim would take care of her baby.

Decorate the Moses basket with dried leaves.



And so it was, it turns out that that day the daughter of Pharaoh was taking a bath in the river and saw the basket, she took it, and when she opened it she found the child. She knew he was Hebrew and had compassion for him. The baby did not stop crying and the princess did not know what to do. Then Myriam the older sister of the child, who was hiding watching what was happening with him, came to her and said "I will go and call a Hebrew wet nurse to raise this child for you" and the princess said "go". Can you imagine who Myriam looked for? Yes, her mother. So the princess told her to raise the child, and she paid her to do it! Can you see how wonderful Elohim is?

Find 7 differences in the princess who saved the Hebrew baby.



When the boy grew up, the princess adopted him, took him with her and called him Moses, saying "for out of the waters I brought him up".

When Moses was an adult he had to flee Egypt, because he killed an Egyptian who beat a Hebrew slave severely and he was afraid of the consequences.

He found refuge in Midian, where he met the priest Jethro and his daughters and finally married Zipporah, had children and became a shepherd.

After a long time that Pharaoh died and the Hebrew people suffered greatly because of the Egyptians, so they turned and cried out to Elohim and He heard them and remembered His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob.

Then Elohim initiated His plan to liberate the people. Do you know who He chose for that task? Moses, he was shepherding sheep on Mount Horeb and he saw a bush burning with fire, but the bush did not burn, so he, very curious, approached and from the bush Elohim spoke to him and sent him to liberate His people.

Color the bush according to the instructions.



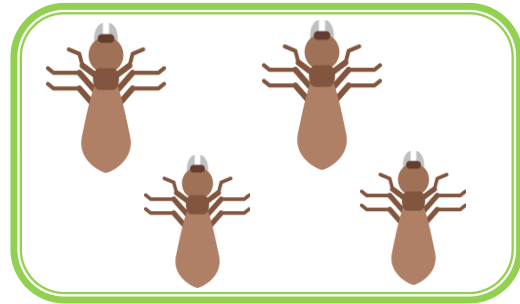
Moses obeyed, but logically Pharaoh would not easily let his slaves go, so Elohim struck with 10 plagues all the Egyptians, their houses, livestock, water, etc. until Pharaoh had no choice but to let them go.

1. Plague of blood
2. Plague of frogs
3. Plague of lice
4. Plague of flies
5. Plague on livestock
6. Plague of boils
7. Plague of hail
8. Plague of locusts
9. Plague of darkness
10. Plague of death of firstborns

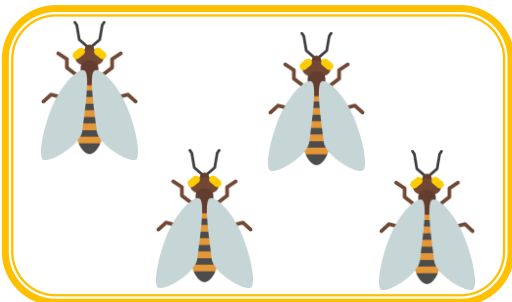
Write inside each circle, the order in which the plagues arrived.



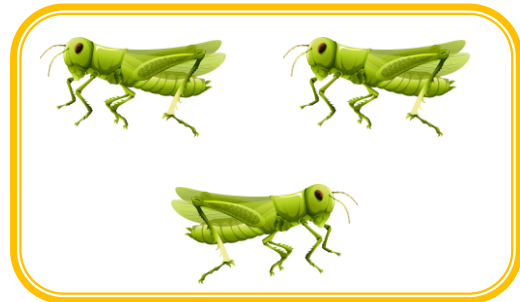
The plague of darkness



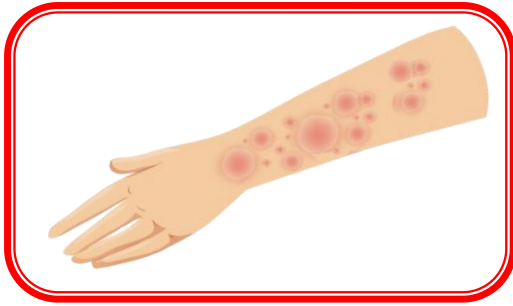
The lice plague



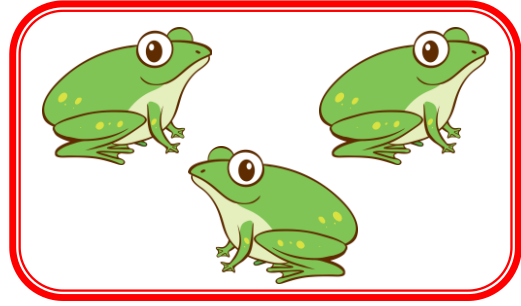
The flies plague



The locust plague



The plague of boils



The plague of frogs



The plague of hail



The plague of blood



The plague of death to the firstborns



The plague in cattle



And this is where our learning about the Feasts of Yahweh begins.

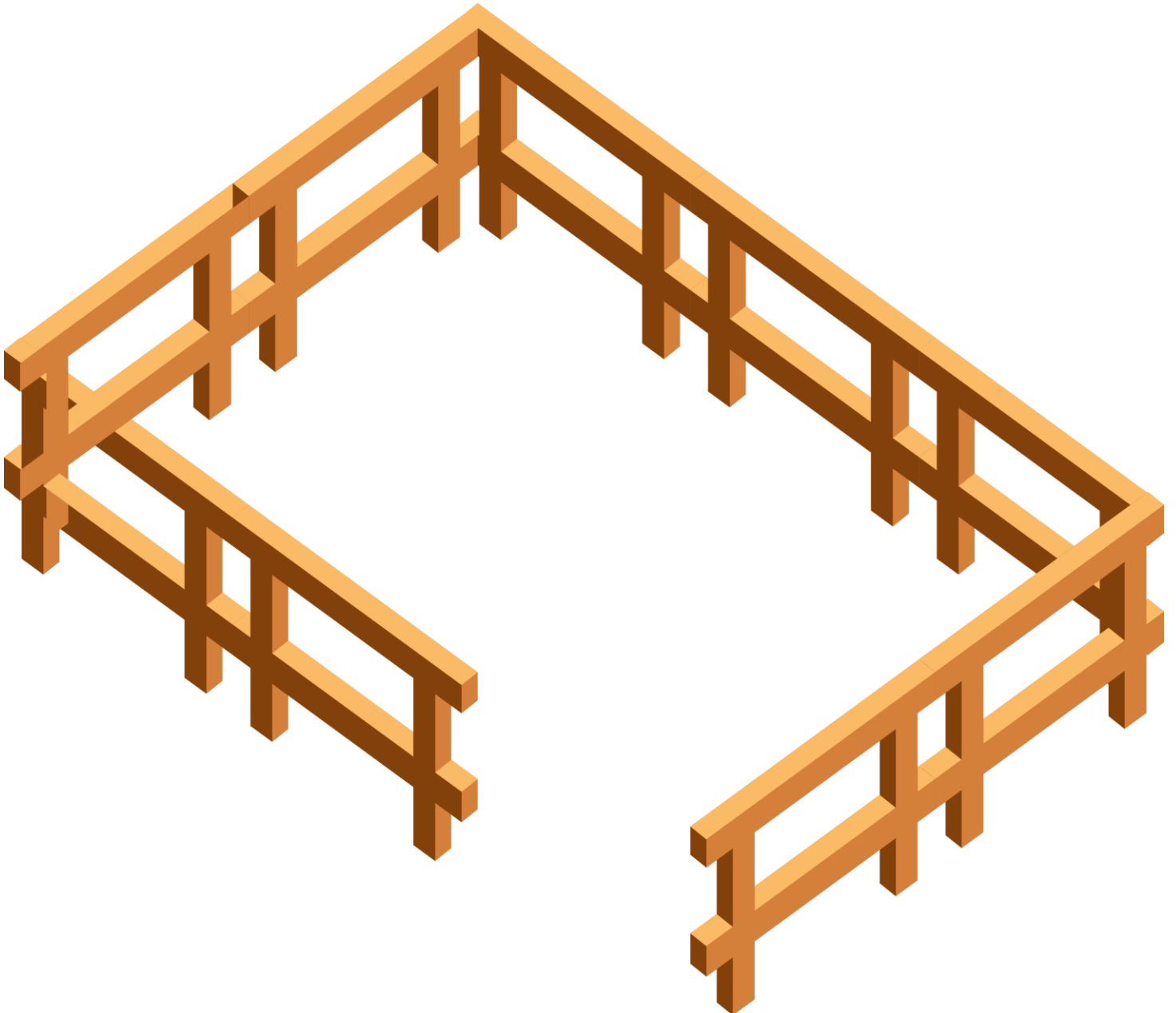
THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR FESTIVITIES

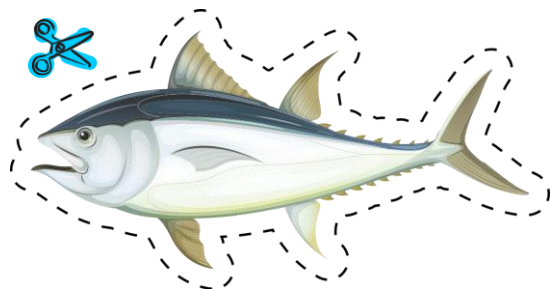
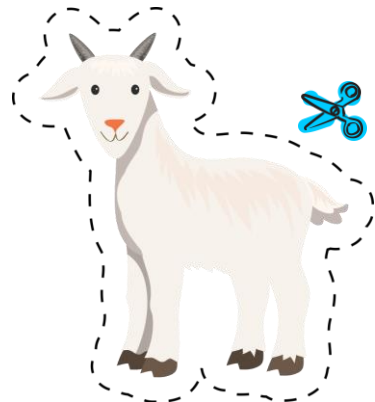
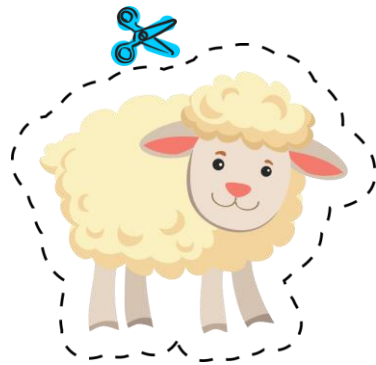
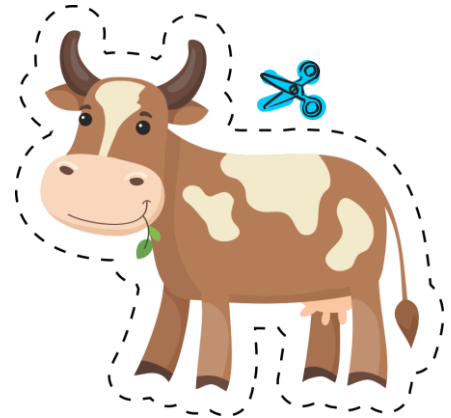
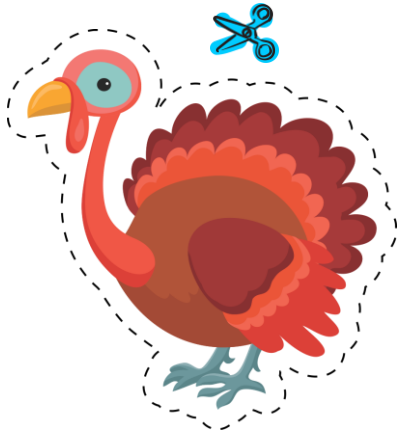
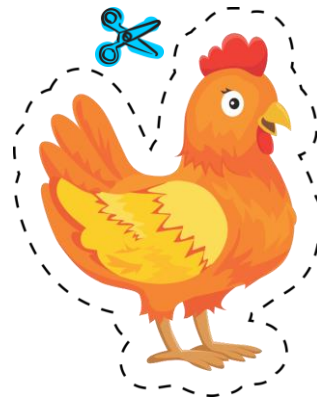


PESACH (Passover)

Exodus 12:3-14; Deuteronomy 16:1-7

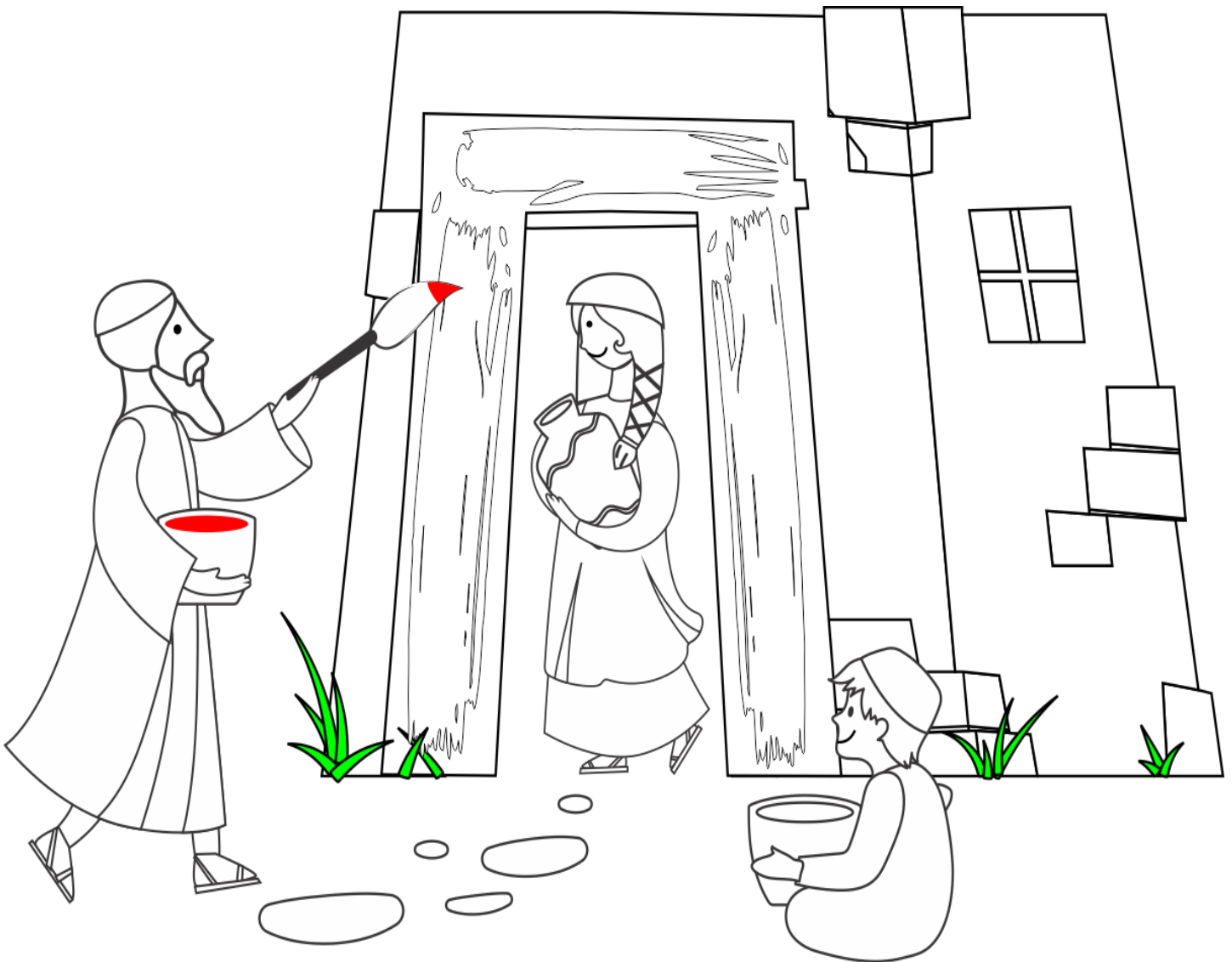
Cut out and glue in the pen, the animals that are fit to offer to Yahweh on Pesach.





With the blood of the little animal offered to Yahweh, the Israelites were to paint the frames of their houses, so that the tenth plague would pass over that house and the firstborn would not die, that is why it is called PESACH (Pass over).

Color the family and their little house, remember that the door frames should be painted with a special color.



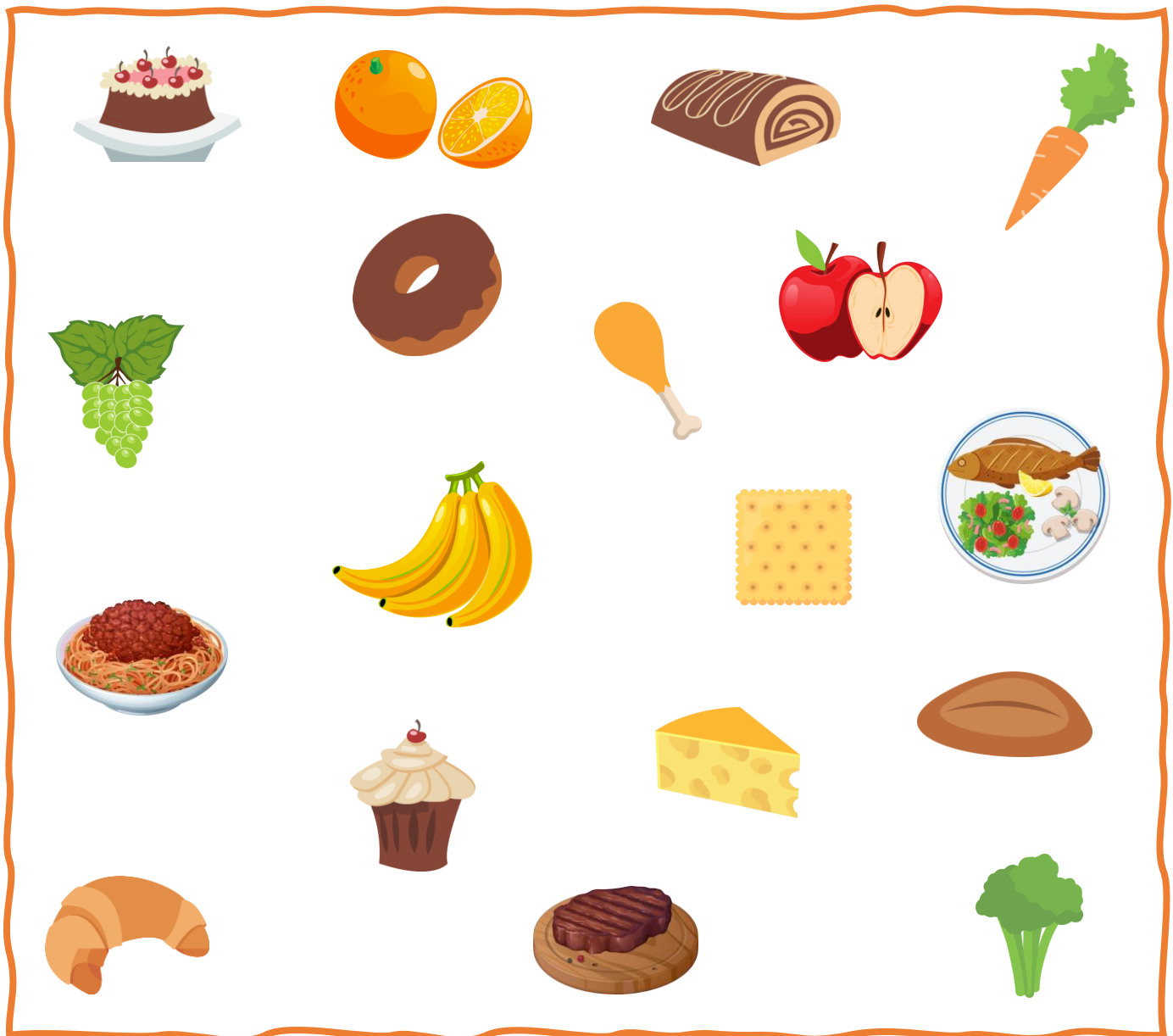


CHAG HAMATZOT (Unleavened Bread)

Exodus 12:15-20

The 15th day of the first month of Yahweh's calendar begins Chag HaMatzot (The Feast of Unleavened Bread).

Circle the foods that we should not have at home during this holiday with red color and the foods we can eat with green color.





Elohim gave very detailed instructions as to what the people of Israel were to do on this Feast of Unleavened Bread.

Join each sentence with a different color.

7 day we will eat	←	Solemn assembly
We must take out all the	←	for all generations
On the first day there will be	←	Leaven in the house
The seventh day also	←	cut off from Israel
We must keep this Feast	←	we should not work
Whoever eats leavened food will be	←	unleavened bread
The Feasts of Yahweh are	←	perpetual ordinances
In the Solemn Assembly	←	there will be Solemn Assembly



BIKURIM

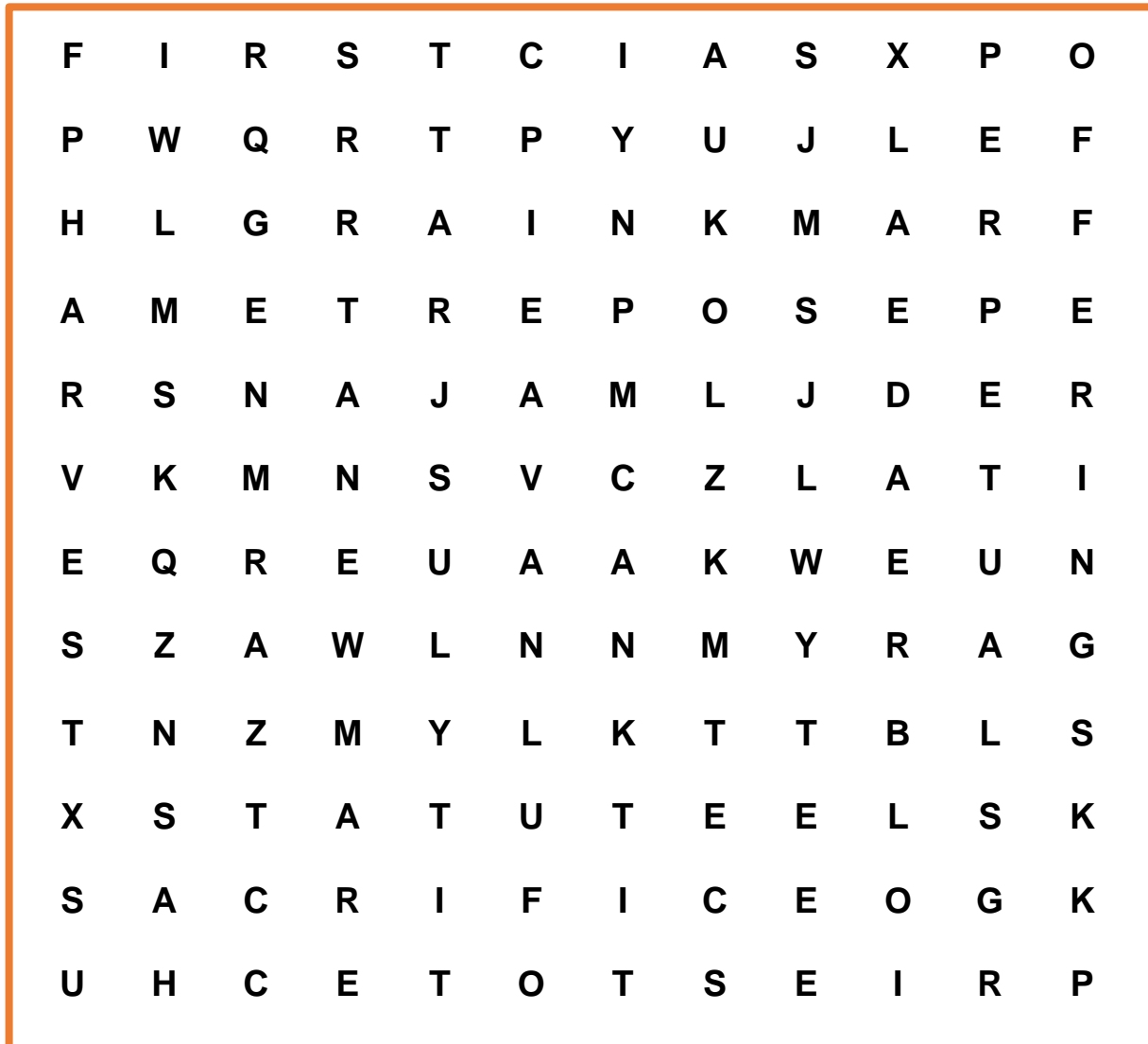
(First Fruits)

Leviticus 23:10-14

Find the following words in the alphabet soup

FIRST – OFFERINGS – PRIEST – PLEASANT – GRAIN – BREAD

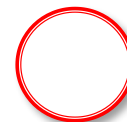
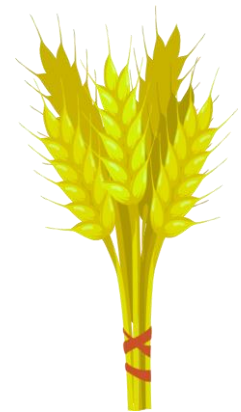
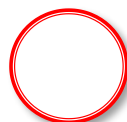
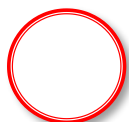
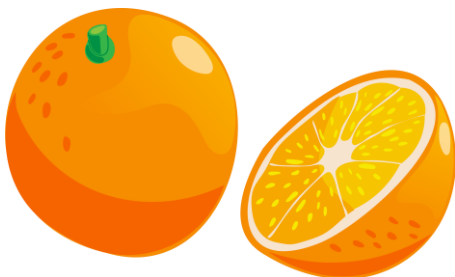
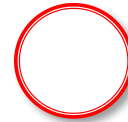
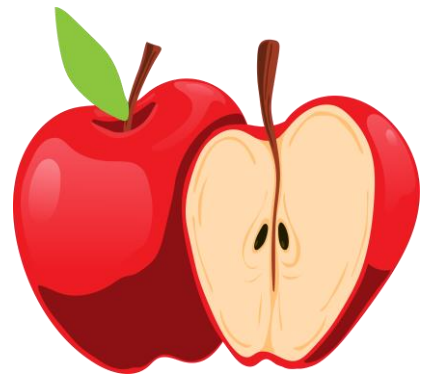
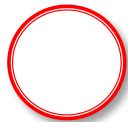
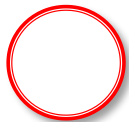
REPOSE – STATUTE – HARVEST – SACRIFICE – SMELL – PERPETUAL



Yahweh deserves to be honored by us, for it is He who allows the earth to bear the delicious fruits with which He sustains us.

Just as the first sheaf of aviv barley was presented as an offering to Yahweh, Yeshua was presented as the firstfruits of the resurrected.

Mark with a the offering that was to be presented to Yahweh as first fruits.









SHAVUOT



(Weeks or Pentecost)



Leviticus 23:15 - 21



Circle the smiley face if the statement is correct or the surprised face if it is false.



 50 days are counted 



 New grain offering 



 Solemn Assembly 

 Offering of apples 

 Statute for ever 

 Water offering 

 The offering is waved 

 Leavened bread offering 

With yellow color mark the correct answer.

It is not necessary to keep the Feast of Weeks. -----

F T

It is 7 weeks after the Feast of Unleavened Bread. -----

F T

It is not necessary to present offerings. -----

F T

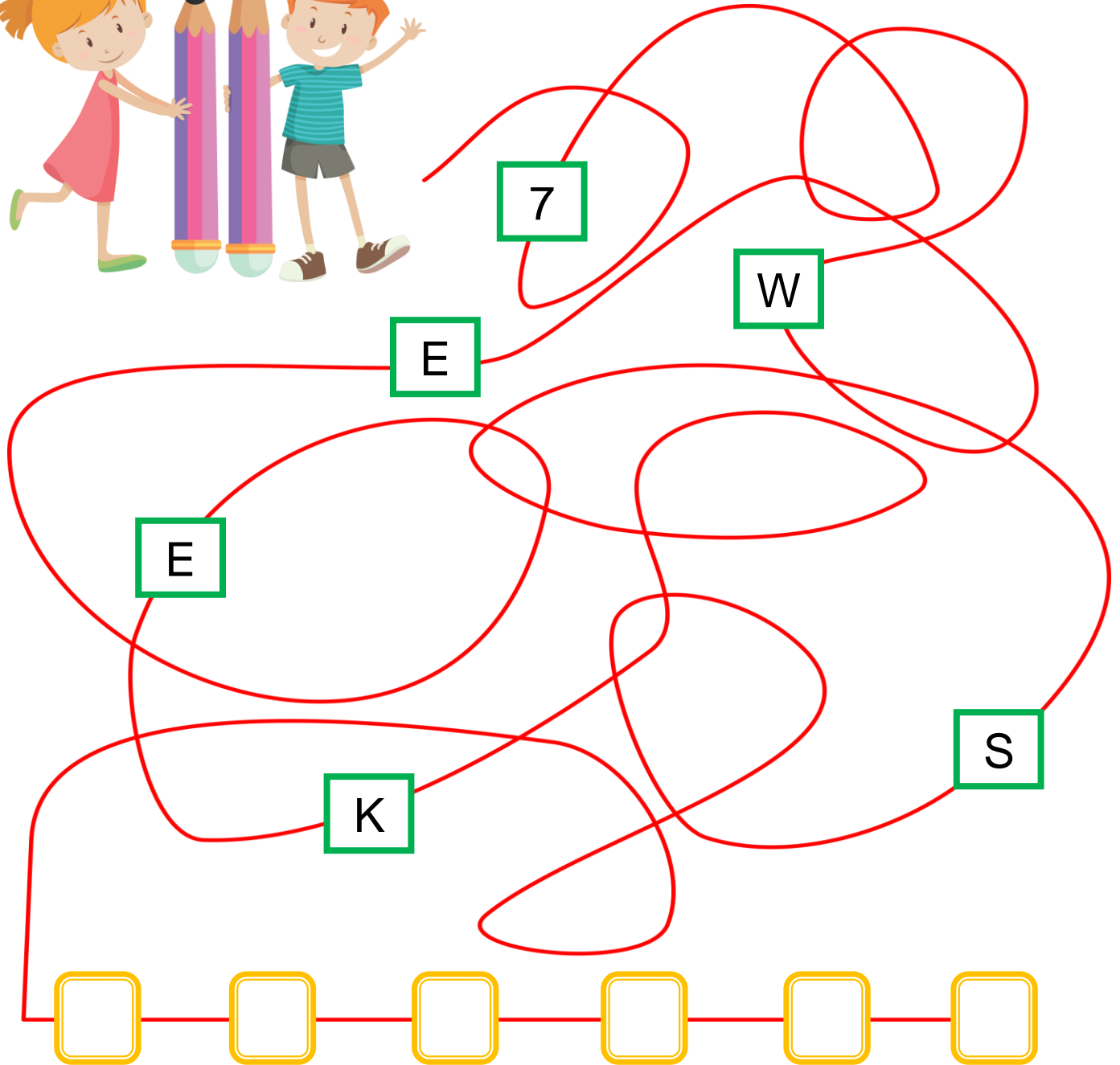
On this Feast we should eat unleavened bread. -----

F T

I like to obey Yahweh. -----

F T

What a mess! Follow the thread and each time you find a letter, write it in each box and at the end write the complete sentence in the line, so you will know which word is hidden.



E

7

W

E

K

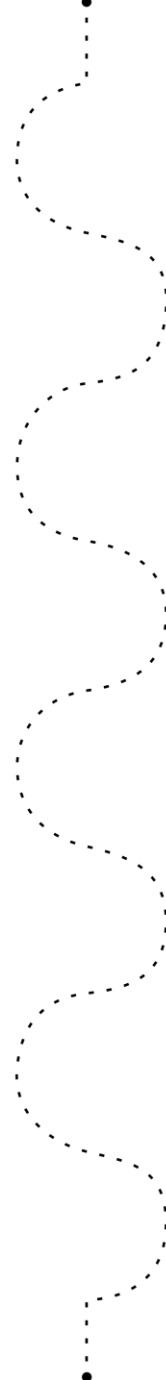
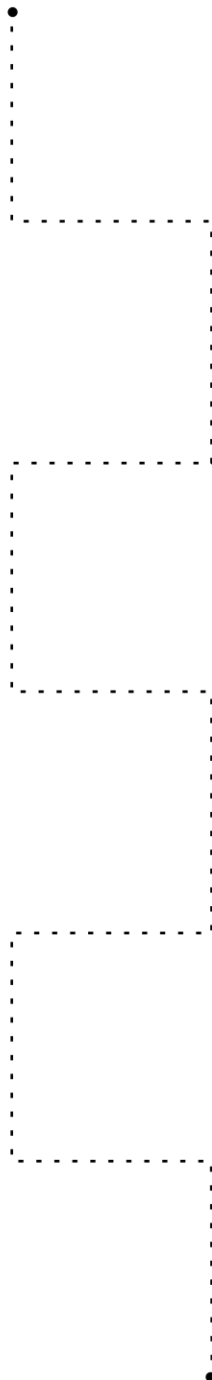
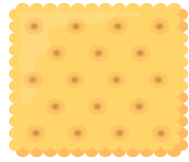
S

[] [] [] [] [] []

And with this Feast, the first month's Feasts season comes to an end.

Let us celebrate the Feasts of Yahweh with love and respect.

Follow with a different color each way to the holidays.





PARENT GUIDE

Proverbs 22:6 Train up a child in the way he should go: and when he is old, he will not depart from it.

This is a support material for the parents of our little Nazarenes who want to transmit knowledge, love and desire of obedience to our Elohim. Therefore, it is designed to be developed as a family or in the company of an adult who will help the children with the readings and explanations.

For more clarity with the theme of the feasts, we have made the introduction with a short summary of the history of how the Hebrew people lived in Egypt and how Elohim delivered them.

Let the child develop the activities throughout the week of the feast, so that he/she acquires the knowledge on a daily basis.

Read the verses under each heading so the child knows the correct answers.

Explain to the child why we keep the feasts; then find the back-up verses.

PESACH (Passover)

Exodus 12:14 And this day shall be memorable to you, and you shall celebrate it as a feast to Elohim; **you shall celebrate it throughout your generations as a perpetual ordinance.**

CHAG HAMATZOT (Unleavened breads)

Exodus 12:17 You shall also keep the feast of unleavened bread, for on that same day I brought your armies out of the land of Egypt; **Therefore you shall keep this day throughout your generations as a perpetual ordinance.**

BIKURIM (First fruits)

Leviticus 23:14 Until that same day, until you have brought the offering of your Elohim, you shall eat neither bread, nor parched grain, nor tender ears of corn. **It shall be a perpetual statute for all your generations wherever you dwell.**

SHAVUOT (Weeks or Pentecost)

Leviticus 23:21 On this same day ye shall also make a proclamation; ye shall have a holy convocation. Ye shall do no servile work. **It shall be a perpetual statute for all your generations wherever you dwell.**

It shall be a perpetual statute for all your generations wherever you dwell.